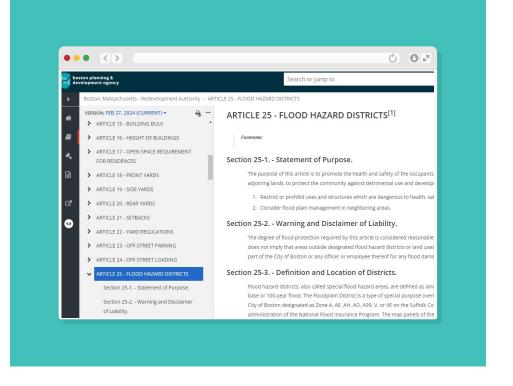
Federal Flood Hazard (Article 25) Zoning

Boston Zoning Commission



What does Article 25 do now?

Regulates floodplain development for properties in Special Flood Hazard Areas (areas with a high risk of flooding); rules are aimed at protecting safety and property of people who live there and in surrounding communities



What is the NFIP?



- National Flood Insurance
 Program (NFIP) created in 1968
 to help minimize losses to life
 and property as a result of
 floodplain development
- Federal government knew many people would not be able to afford flood insurance
- Boston is already an NFIP community

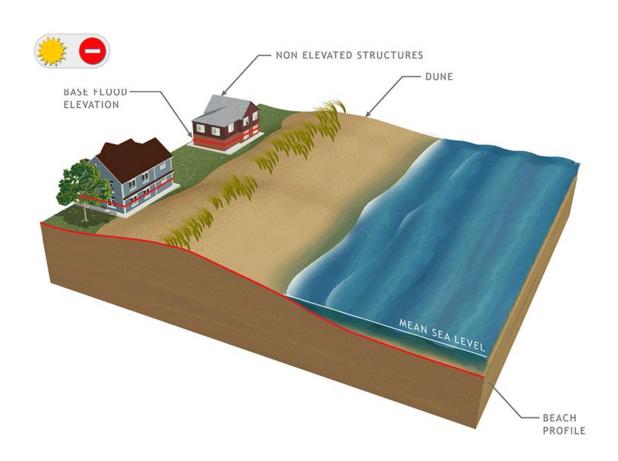
Image: <u>Artemis.bm</u>

Why are we already participating?

- Ability to get subsidized flood insurance
- 2. Ability to renew subsidized flood insurance
- 3. Access to federal funds to rebuild after a flood



Key terms



Base Flood Elevation (BFE):

The elevation of surface water resulting from a flood that has a 1% chance of equaling or exceeding that level in any given year. The BFE is shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) for high risk zones.

Image: <u>nad.usace.army.mil</u>

Key terms

Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs):

Official map of a community on which FEMA has delineated the Special Flood Hazard Areas (SFHAs), the Base Flood Elevations (BFEs), and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

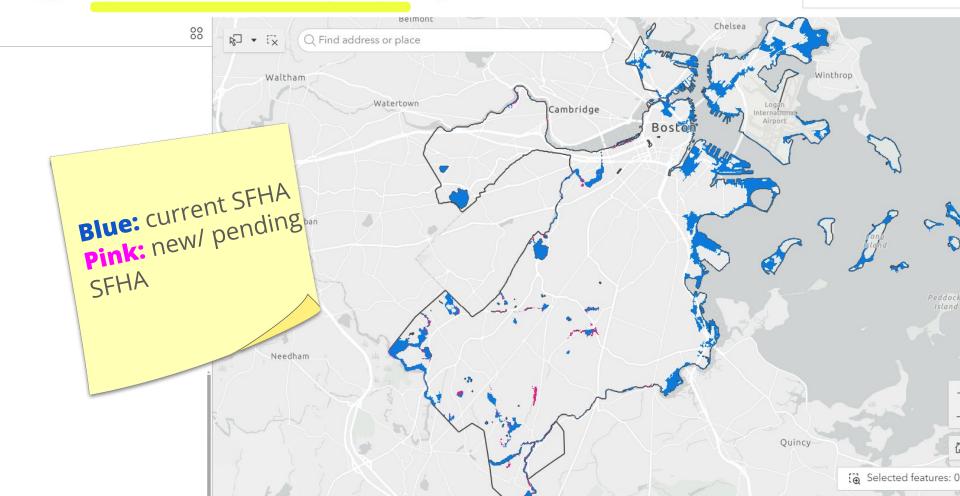
Level of detail



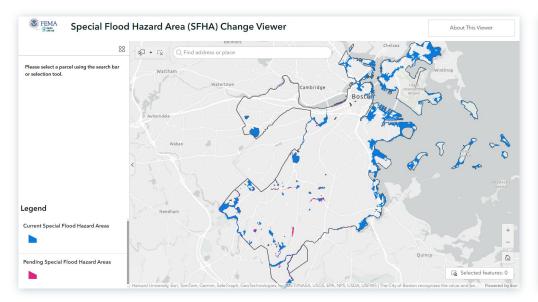


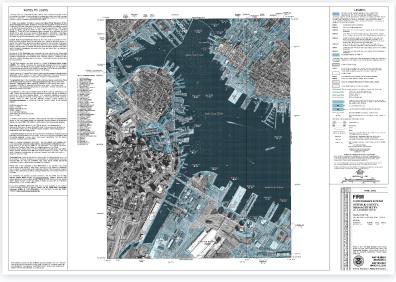
Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) Change Viewer

About This Viewer



SFHA Change Viewer





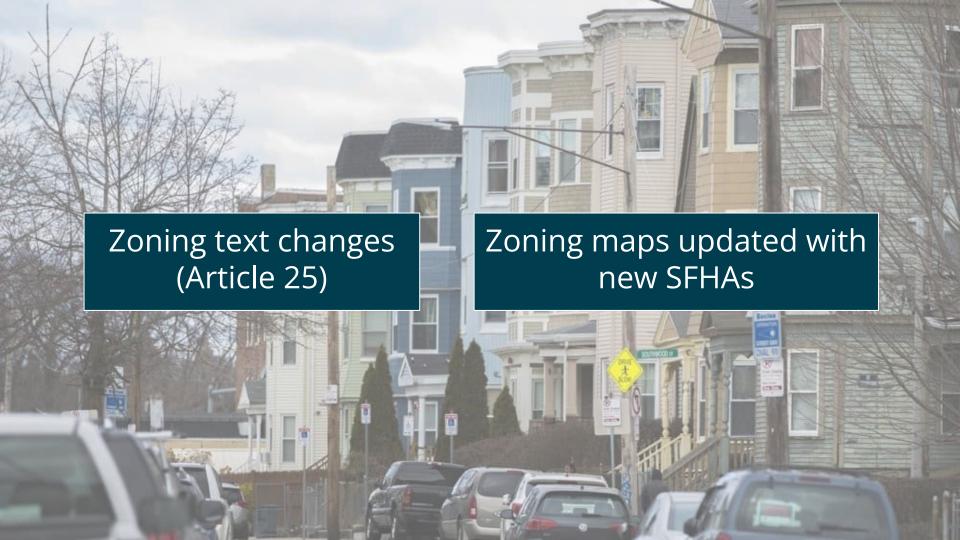
BPDA's SFHA Change Viewer is easier to use and allows you to search for your address to see if you'll be affected by this FEMA update

FEMA's FIRMs provide a lot of detail, which can be confusing to navigate depending on your experience



This update will allow us to remain in compliance with federal regulations and to continue to benefit from Boston's status as an NFIP Community.

Image: <u>Caught in Dot</u>



What does this mean for those moving into SFHA?

Large-scale renovations:

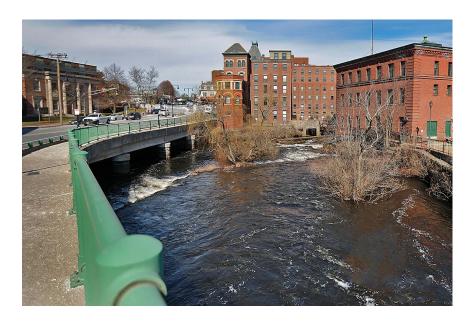
- The Building Code requires **buildings that are substantially improved (50% or more of the assessed value of the structure)** to be brought into compliance with current state building code standards for Flood-Resistant Construction.
- For properties already in an SFHA or moving into an SFHA, this means that substantial improvements, new foundations or substantial foundation repair, and new buildings/structures must be elevated to comply with elevation requirements in state building code
- Please note that this is already required in SFHAs by state building code- the change will be that it will now also apply to properties newly mapped into SFHA

What does this mean for those moving into SFHA?

Flood insurance:

- Within the SFHA, no mortgage: If the property has ever received a federal loan for floods (either a mitigation grant or disaster assistance), ongoing flood insurance will be required.
- Within the SFHA, mortgage: If mortgage is federally-backed (most mortgages) or if property has benefited from mitigation grant or disaster assistance in the past, lender will require you to purchase flood insurance
- Owner can apply for a Letter of Map Change from FEMA to contest this

Public engagement



Certain parcels along the Neponset River (pictured) within Boston will be moved into an SFHA with the latest round of updates

Virtual info session held

Mailing to affected owners

FEMA holding in person event tonight to answer questions of those moving into SFHA

Website materials, including SFHA Change Viewer

Image: patriotledger.com

What's Next?

April 20	Draft text amendment released (map changes are already available)
May 16	Map and text amendment goes to BPDA Board



July 3 — Effective date for new text and map amendments

Conversation & Questions