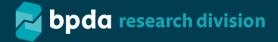


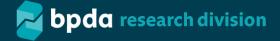
#### Same-Sex Couple Households

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#### **Historical Context**

Massachusetts has long been at the forefront of LGBTQ+ rights in the U.S.

The first state to legalize same-sex marriage in 2004



1974 Elaine Noble (MA) is the first openly gay candidate elected to a state office

Gerry Studds, a Ma. Representative becomes the first openly gay congressman, after a sex scandal

Ma. Representative Barney Frank is the first member of congress to come out voluntarily

Massachusetts is the second state to outlaw discrimination based on sexual orientation

1992 Massachusetts voters elect the first openly LGBT state senator, Cheryl Jacques

Boston elects Althea Garrison, the first openly transgender member of a state legislature

Goodridge v. Dept. Of Public Health rules same-sex couples in Massachusetts can marry



# This site takes into account state level legislation on many topics relevant to the safety, comfort, and material well-being of the LGBTQ+ community

- Overall, Mass ranks 15th by their metrics
- Received perfect scores for Non-Discrimination Laws
- Fell short in Gender Identity, Parental Recognition, and Criminal Justice categories
- Mass still remains ranked in the safest states for both sexual orientation and gender identity metrics

#### **SNAPSHOT: LGBTQ EQUALITY BY STATE**

**OVERALL POLICY TALLY** 

SEXUAL ORIENTATION

**GENDER IDENTITY** 

STATE DATA TABLE

The Movement Advancement Project (MAP) tracks over 50 different LGBTQ-related laws and policies. This map shows the <u>sexual orientation</u> policy tallies for each state, the District of Columbia, and the five populated U.S. territories. A state's policy tally scores the laws and policies within each state that shape LGBTQ people's lives, experiences, and equality. The major categories of laws covered by the policy tally include: Relationship & Parental Recognition, Nondiscrimination, Religious Exemptions, LGBTQ Youth, Health Care, Criminal Justice, and Identity Documents.

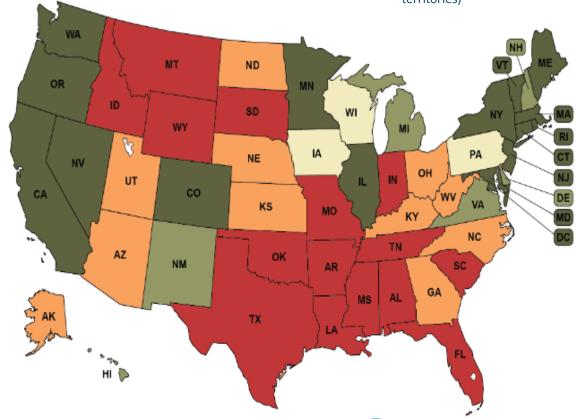


**Medium** Overall Policy Tally (6 states)

**Fair** Overall Policy Tally (3 states, 2 territories)

Low Overall Policy Tally (11 states, 3 territories)

**Negative** Overall Policy Tally (15 states)



#### **Census Limitations**

The census does not currently ask any questions regarding either sexual orientation or gender identity

Because of this, the only census data we have acknowledging the LGBTQ+ community comes from individual's Household living situation

#### **Household categories**

#### **Married Couple Households**

- Opposite Sex Married Couple
- Same-Sex Married Couple

#### **Unmarried-Partner Households**

- Male householder and male partner
- Male householder and female partner
- Female householder and female partner
- Female householder and male partner



### States with the highest rates of same sex couple households

11% of Couple Households in D.C. are same sex, and 76% of these couples are male-male

The states with the lowest rates are primarily in the middle and south of the country.

South Dakota, Nebraska, Montana, West Virginia, and Alabama all have rates <1% of couple households

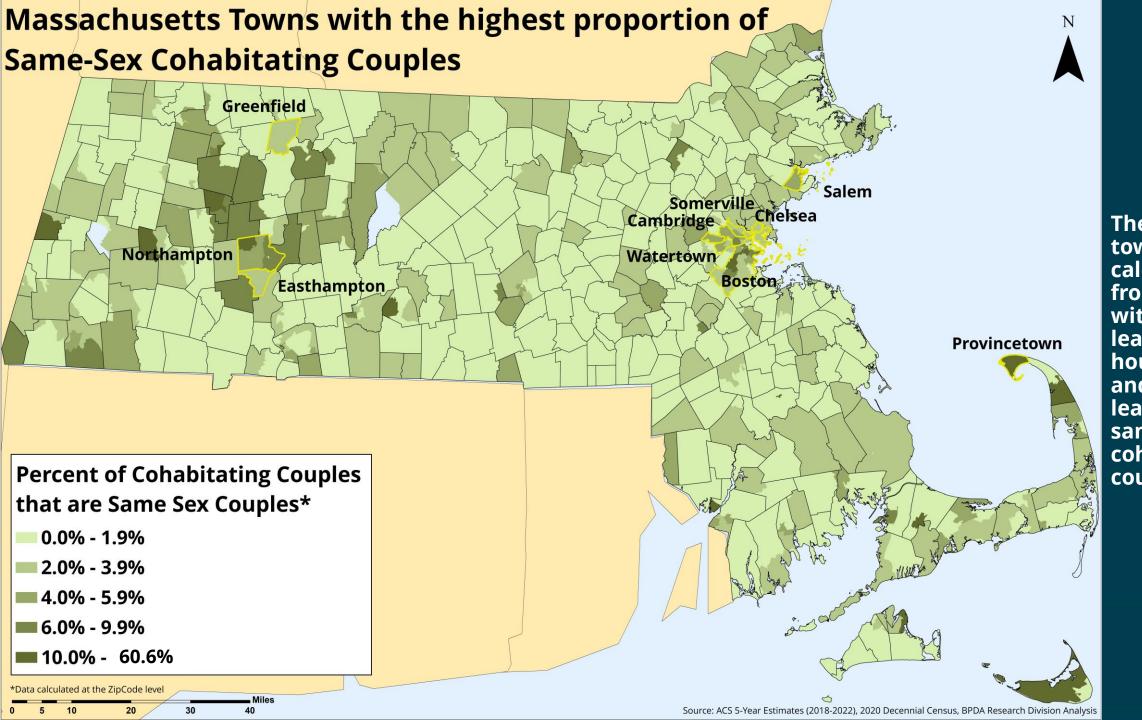
State	% of all couple households that are same sex
Vermont	3.1%
Massachusetts	2.8%
Rhode Island	2.6%
New Mexico	2.6%
Oregon	2.5%
Nevada	2.5%
Hawaii	2.4%
New York	2.4%
Washington	2.4%
Delaware	2.4%
New Hampshire	2.2%
California	2.1%
Florida	2.0%
Maine	2.0%
Connecticut	1.9%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018-2022 American Community Survey, BPDA Research Division Analysis.

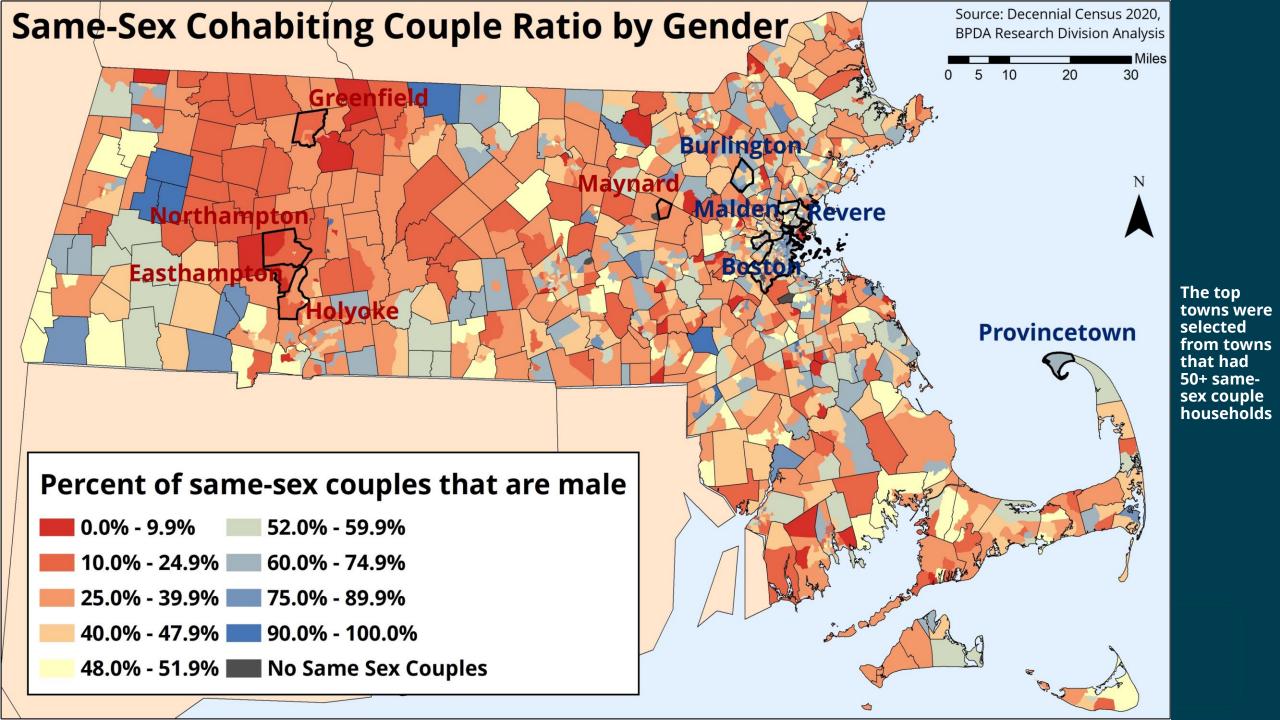
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The top towns were calculated from towns with at least 1,000 households and at least 100 same-sex cohabiting couples



### 55% of same-sex cohabiting couples in Massachusetts are female-female

Towns with High Female-Female Couple Share	Percentage of Couple Households that are Same-Sex	% of Same-Sex Households that are Female
Easthampton	6.8%	87.1%
Northampton	10.9%	82.2%
Maynard	3.1%	76.9%
Greenfield	5.4%	76.8%
Holyoke	3.9%	71.2%
Amherst	4.1%	68.6%
Leominster	1.8%	68.5%
Hudson	1.5%	67.9%
Longmeadow	1.3%	67.3%
Arlington	3.3%	67.1%
Chicopee	2.3%	66.8%
Newburyport	2.8%	66.7%
Milton	1.8%	66.7%

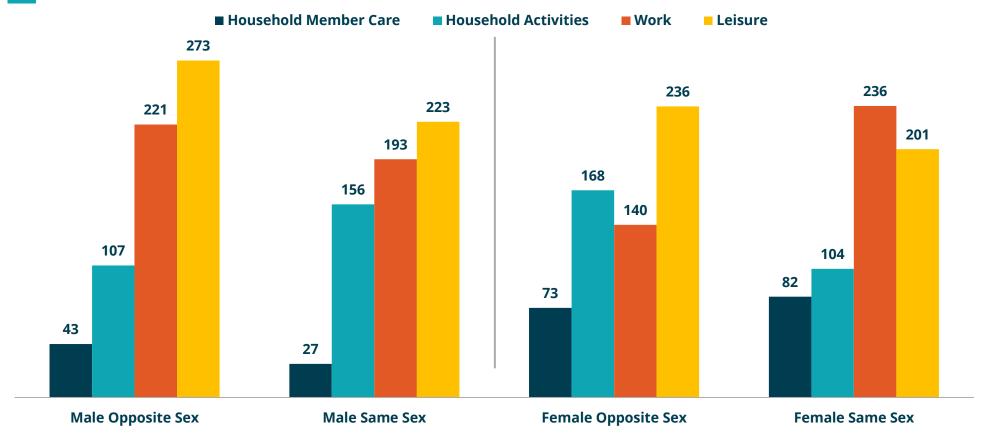
Towns with High Male-Male Couple Share	Percentage of Couple Households that are Same-Sex	% of Same-Sex Households that are Male
Provincetown	60.1%	68.1%
Boston	6.0%	61.2%
Burlington	1.0%	60.0%
Revere	2.9%	56.9%
Malden	3.2%	56.4%
North Adams	2.5%	55.7%
Everett	2.3%	54.8%
Chelsea	4.3%	54.8%
Quincy	2.7%	54.2%
Winthrop	2.8%	52.7%
Cambridge	4.7%	52.1%
Framingham	2.4%	50.6%
Stoneham	1.8%	50.5%



# Men in same-sex couples seem to exhibit more similar time use patterns to their counterparts than women in same-sex couples



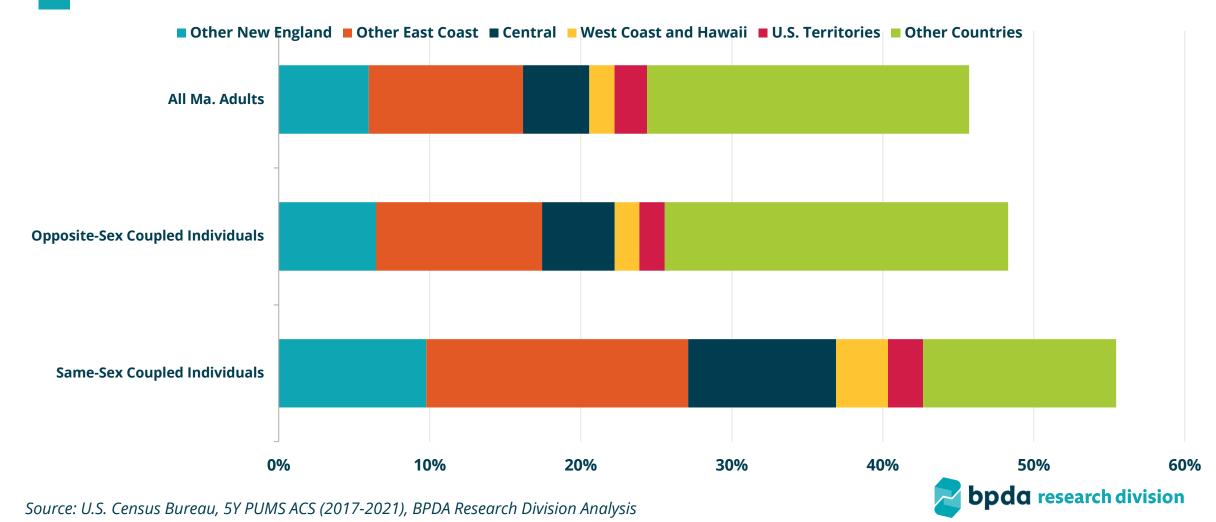
Average Minutes per Day Spent for each Activity





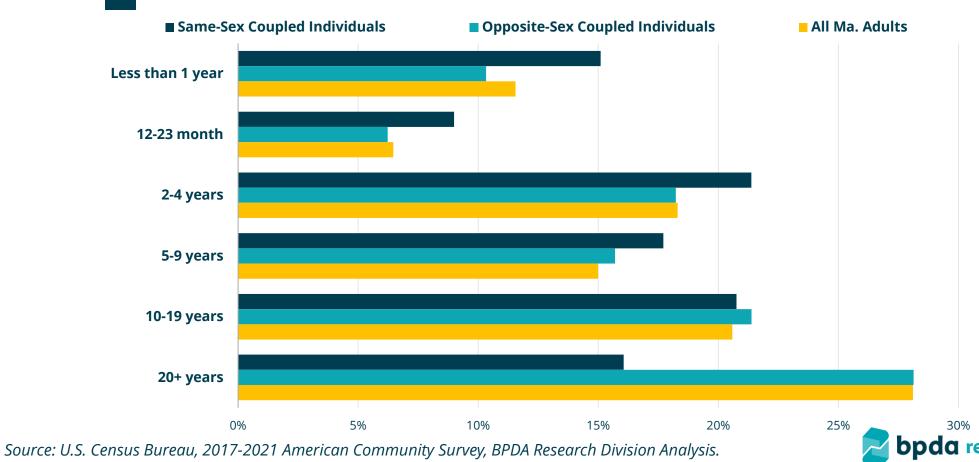
### Individuals in same-sex couple households are more likely to have been born in another state

Area of Birth of Massachusetts\* Individuals 2017-2021 \*Excluding those born in Massachusetts



### Same-Sex Couple Households appear to be more mobile

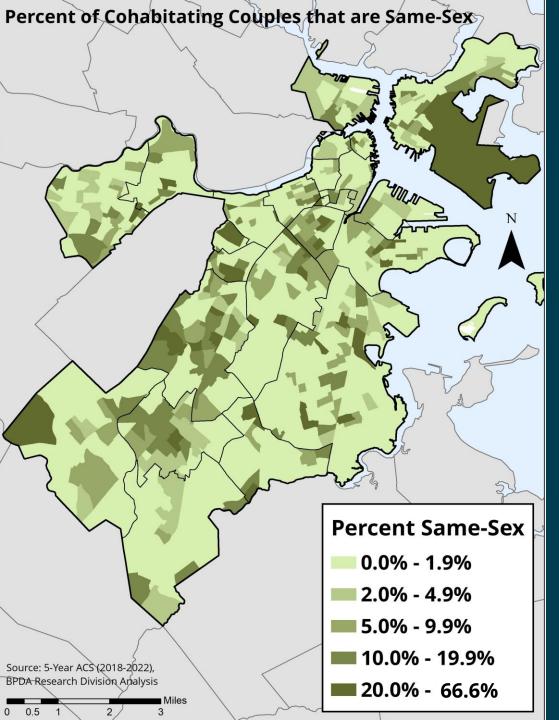
Time Lived in Current Housing Unit by Relationship Type of Cohabitating Couples in Massachusetts (2017-2021)



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#### Mission Hill, South End, and Jamaica Plain have the highest rates of Cohabiting Couples that are same-sex

- Mission Hill 12%
- South End 9.9%
- Jamaica Plain 9.5%

Beacon Hill, Seaport, and Chinatown have the lowest rates, all remaining under 2% of cohabiting couples

Source: Decennial Census 2020, BPDA Research Division Analysis



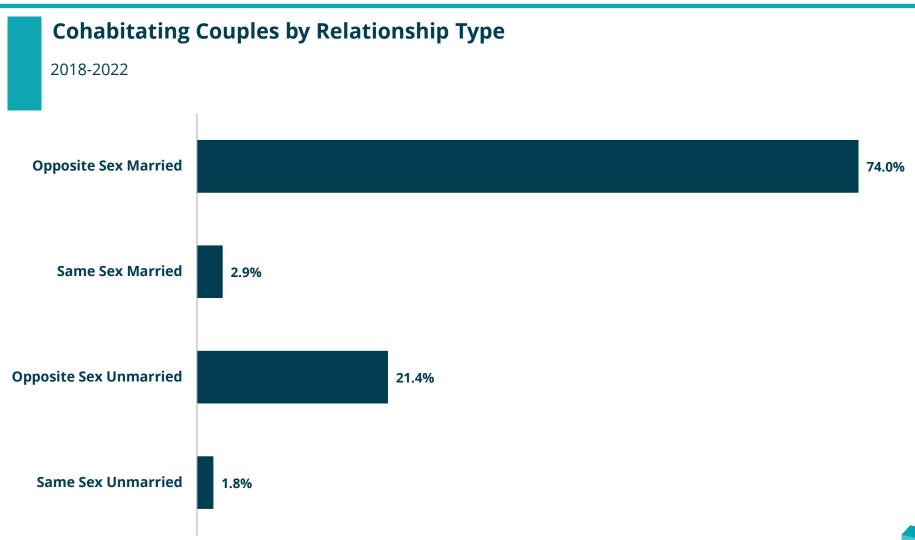
#### Ratio of Male-Male Couples to Female-Female Couples. by Census Tract, 2020 Percent of Same-Sex that are male 0.0% - 9.9% 52.0% - 59.9% 10.0% - 24.9% 60.0% - 74.9% 25.0% - 39.9% 75.0% - 89.9% 40.0% - 47.9% 90.0% - 100.0% Source: 2020 Decennial Census. BPDA Research Division Analysis 48.0% - 51.9% No/Low Population

# Most Neighborhoods appear stratified across male-male or female-female lines for their LGBTQ+ cohabiting couple population

Male same-sex couples seem to live closer into downtown while female same-sex couples are more likely to live further out



### 4.7% of Boston's cohabitating couples are same sex\*

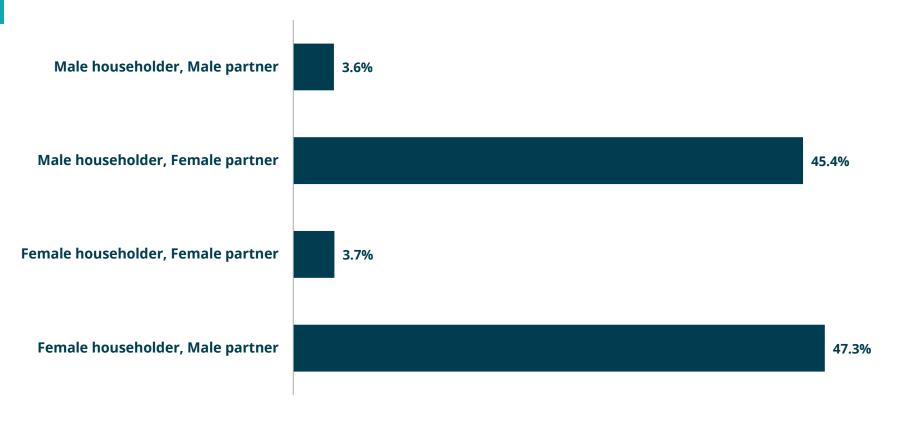


\*this uses a different census than earlier estimates and thus has a different ratio for the city



### 7.9% of unmarried partner households in Boston are same-sex

**Share of Unmarried Partner Households by Householder and Partner Sex** 2018-2022



As opposed to only 3.8% of Boston's married couples

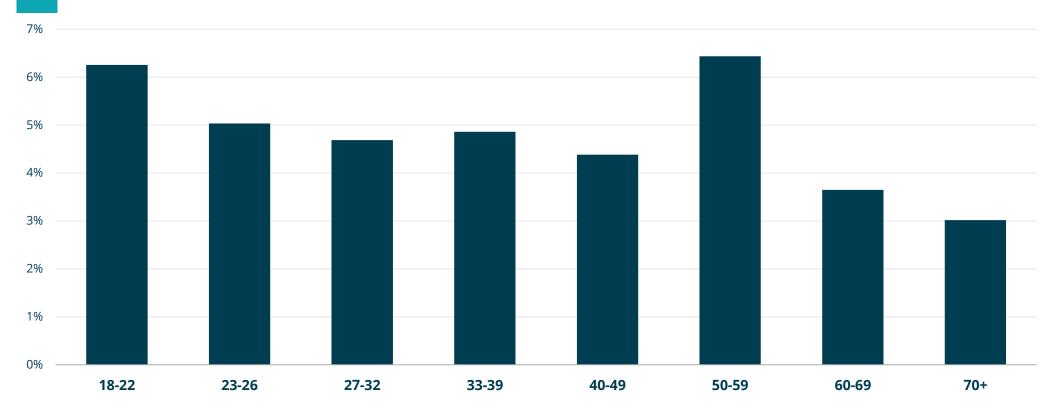


### The 50-59-year-old age group has the highest proportion of same sex cohabitation



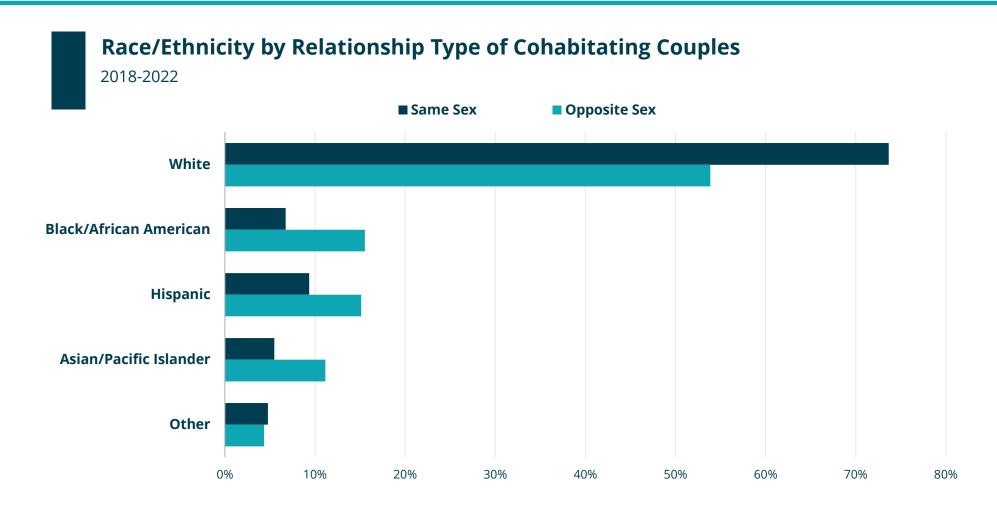
**Proportion of Same Sex Cohabitation by Age Group (18+)** 

2018-2022



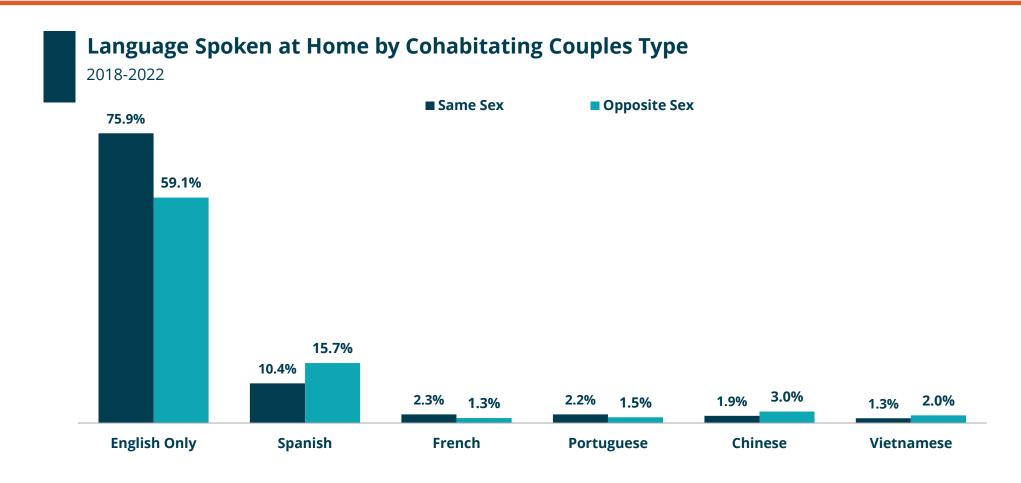


### A larger proportion of same sex cohabitating couples are white, relative to opposite sex couples





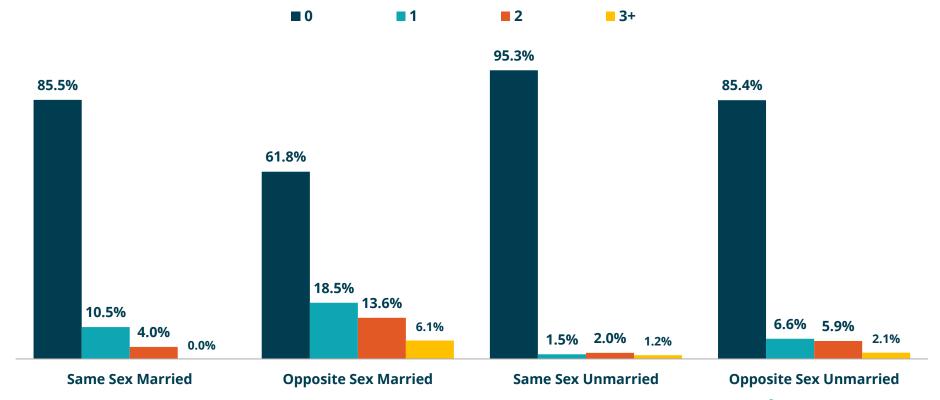
### Compared to opposite sex couples, a higher proportion of same sex households speak only English





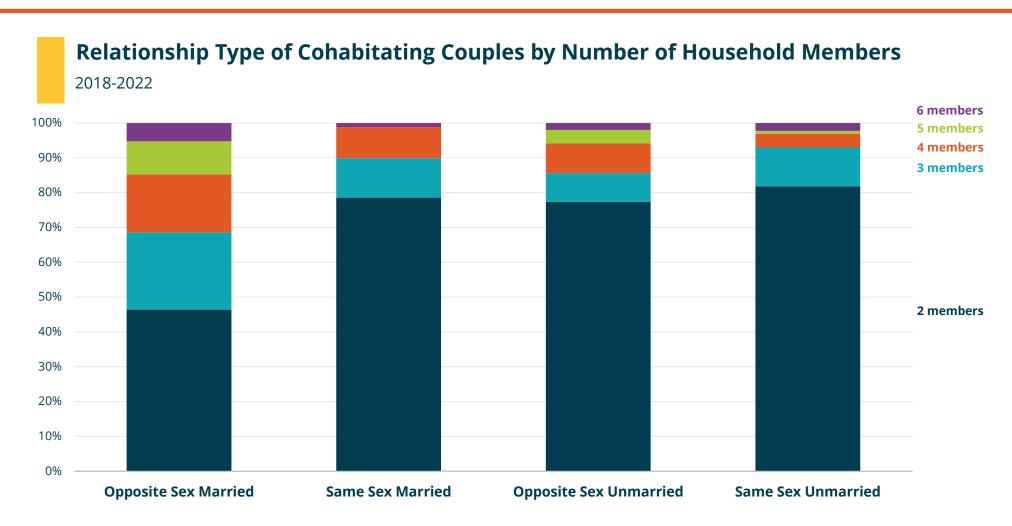
### Same sex cohabitating couples are more likely to be child-free

Relationship Type of Cohabitating Couples by Number of Related Children in Household (2018-2022)



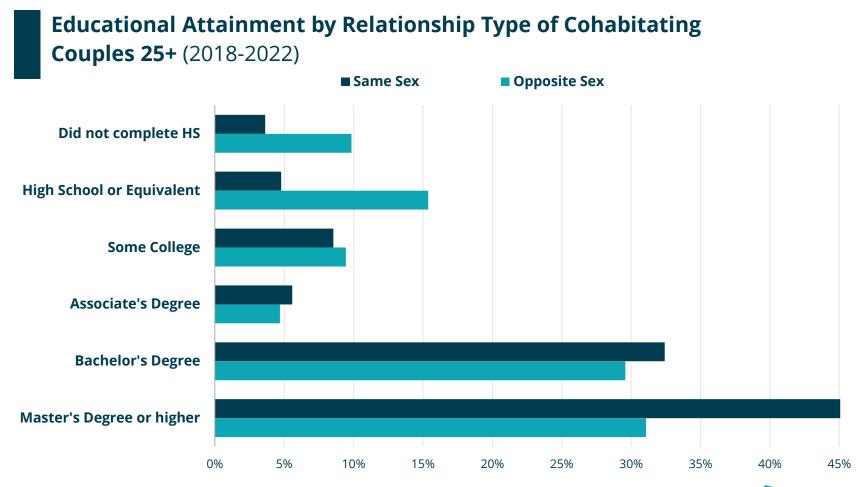


#### Relative to opposite sex married couples, same sex married couples tend to have fewer household members

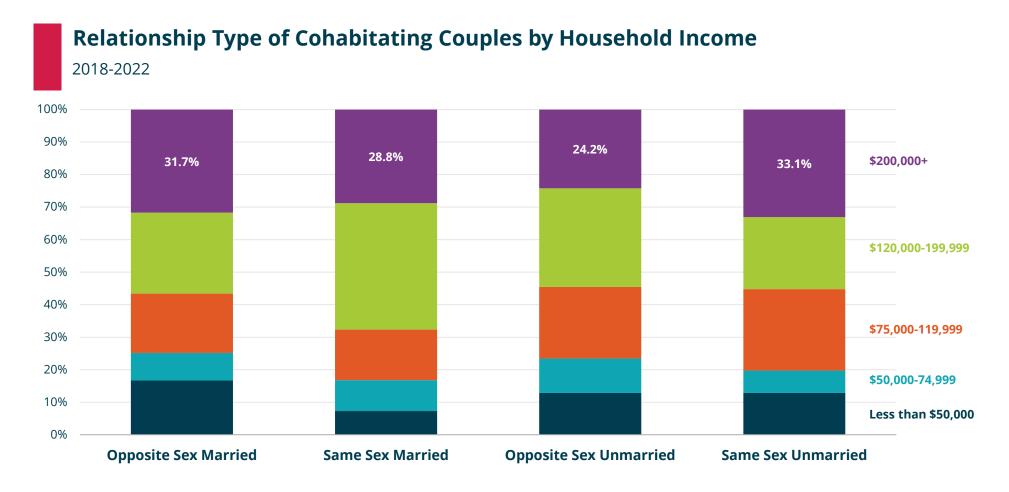




### Individuals in same sex cohabitating couples tend to have higher levels of educational attainment

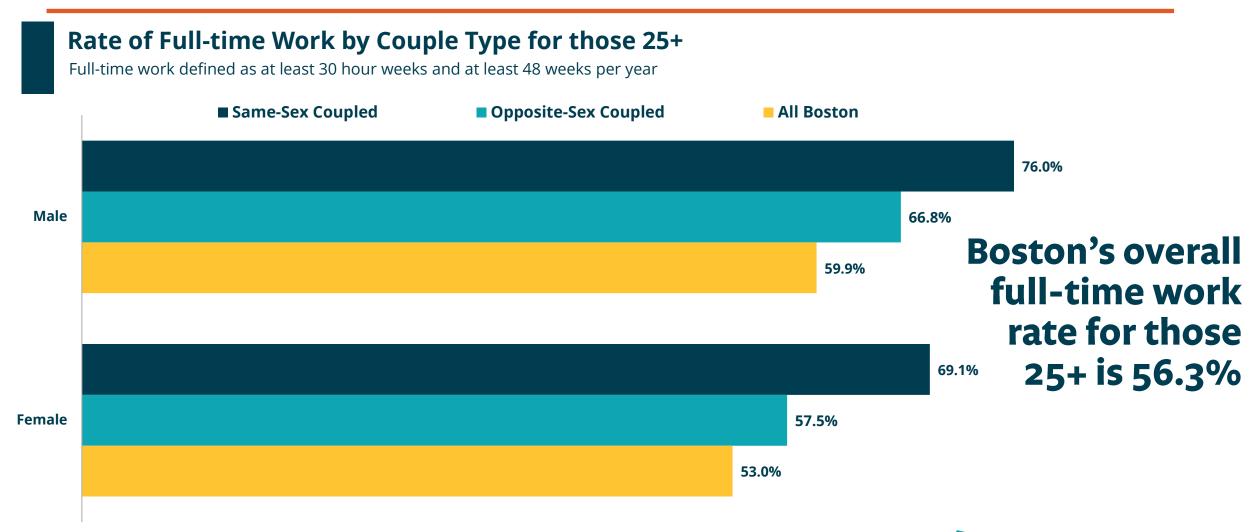


# For opposite sex couples, married couples have a higher share of households earning more than \$200k, while the opposite is true for same sex couples



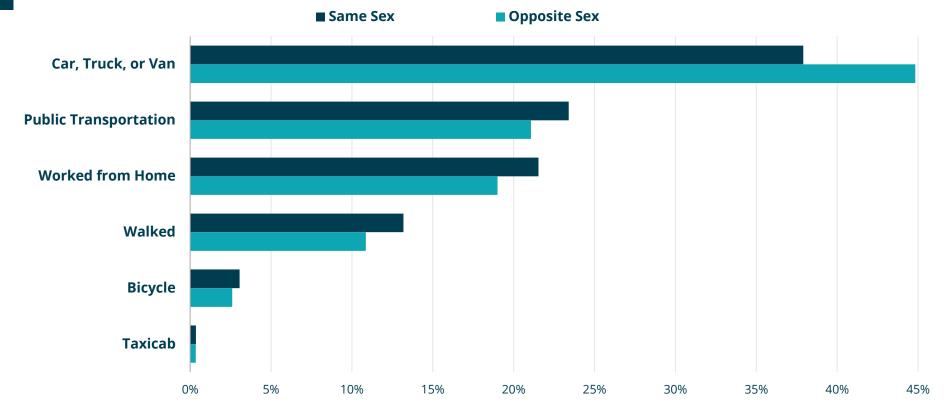


### Same-sex coupled individuals have higher rates of full-time work regardless of sex



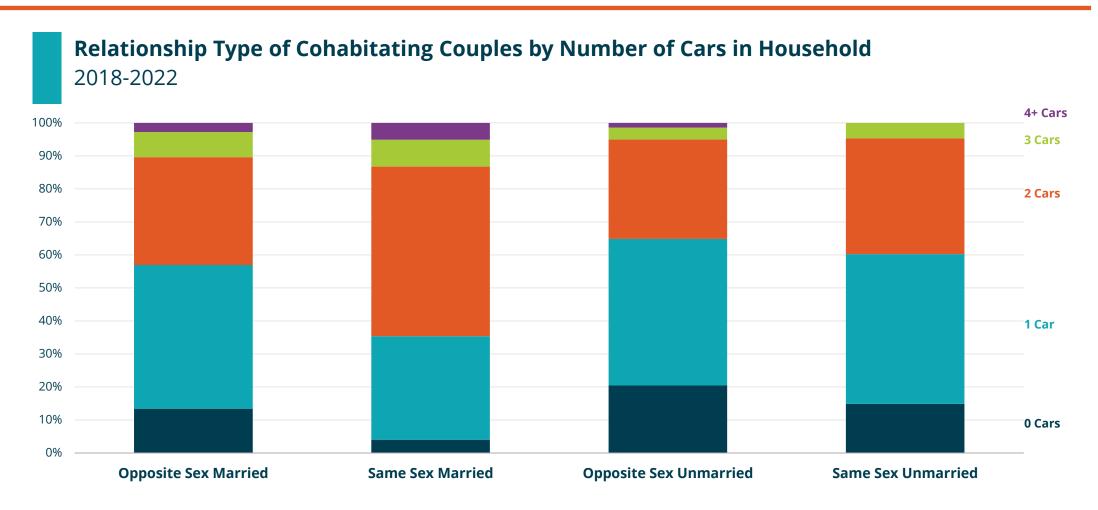
# A lower share of individuals in same sex couples use cars to get to work

**Transportation to Work by Relationship Type of Cohabitating Couples** (2018-2022)



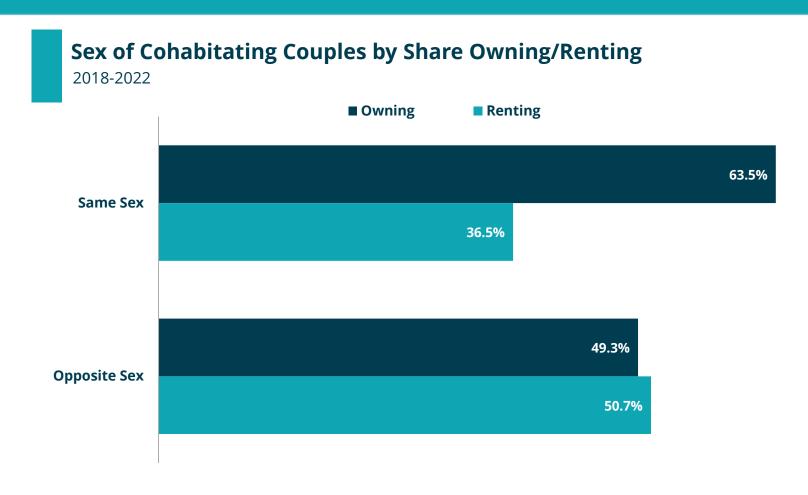


# Relative to married and unmarried opposite sex couples, respective same sex households are more likely to have at least one car





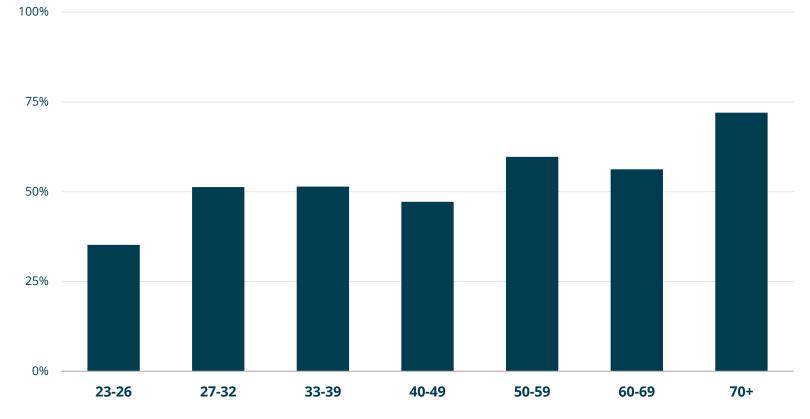
# A larger proportion of same sex cohabitating couples own their homes





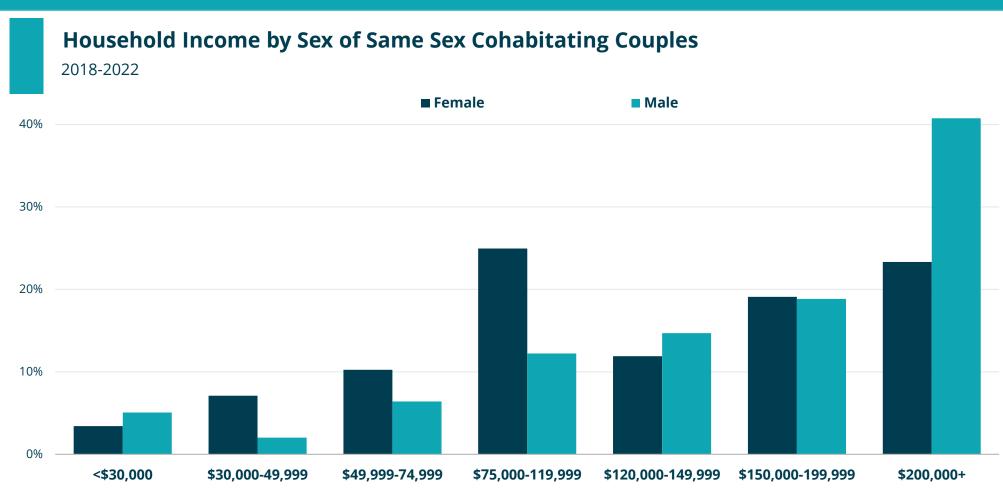
#### The 23-26 age group has the lowest share of female-female among same sex couples







### A higher share of male same sex households earn more than \$200,000 compared to females



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2018-2022 American Community Survey, BPDA Research Division Analysis.



### Same sex unmarried couples have a higher proportion of couples having lived in their current housing unit for 5+ years

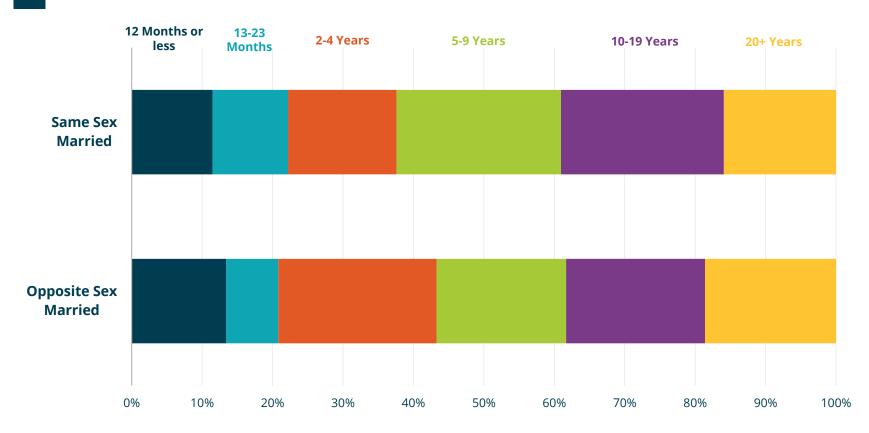
Relationship Type of Unmarried Cohabitating Couples by Time Lived in Current Housing Unit (2018-2022)





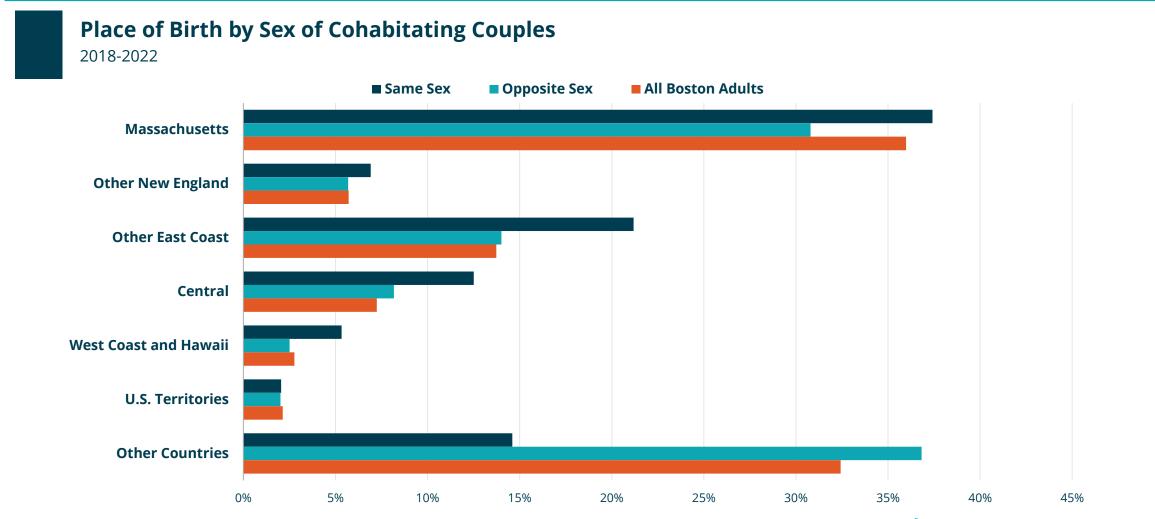
### Same sex married couples have a higher proportion of couples having lived in their current housing unit for 5+ years

Relationship Type of Married Cohabitating Couples by Time Lived in Current Housing Unit (2018-2022)

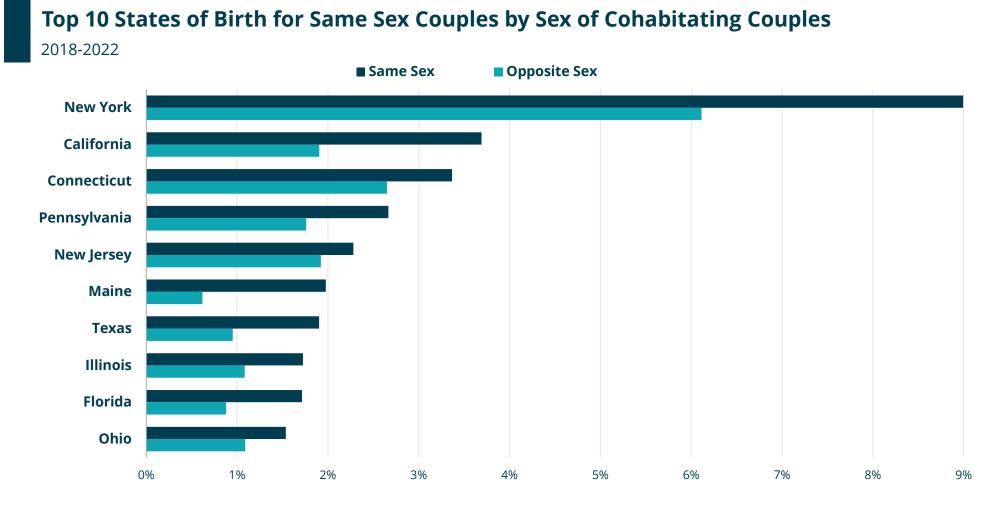




### The share of individuals in same sex couples born in other countries is significantly smaller than for opposite sex couples



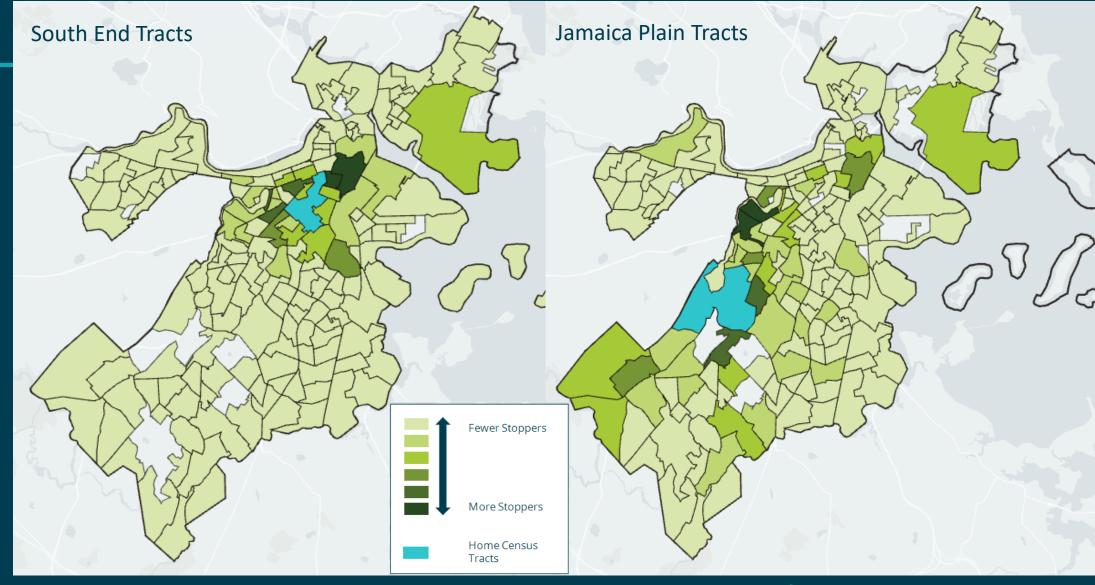
#### 9% of individuals in same sex couples in Boston were born in New York, compared to 6% of people from opposite sex couples



#### **Mobility by home Census Tract**

Cell phone mobility data for 12 of the top 15 tracts for same-sex cohabiting couples

- 6 in South
  End
- 6 in Jamaica Plain

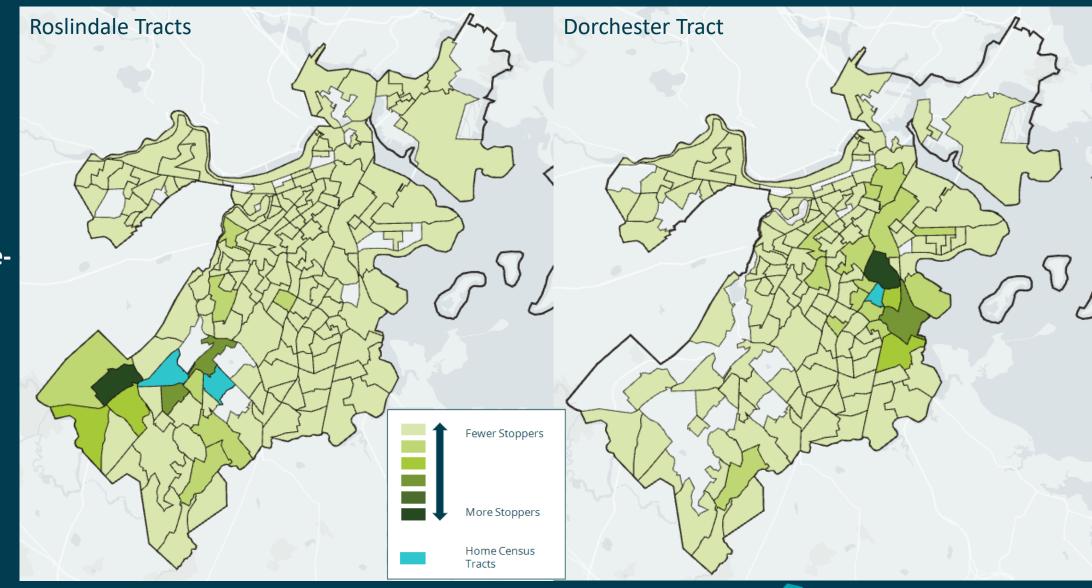




#### Mobility by home Census Tract pt. 2

Cell phone mobility data for the other 3 of the top 15 tracts for samesex cohabiting couples

- 2 in Roslindale
- 1 inDorchester

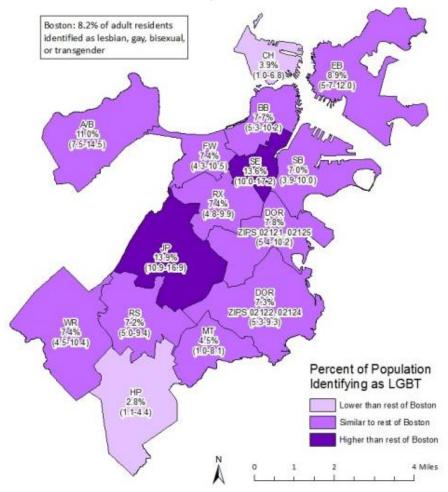


Source: Cuebiq mobility data 2022, BPDA Research Division analysis. Cuebiq collects first-party data from anonymized users who have opted-in to provide access to their location data anonymously through a GDPR-compliant framework.



### Jamaica Plain had the highest proportion of adults identifying as LGBT and of same-sex couples

#### **BPHC Survey 2010-2017**



Map Source: Boston Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2010, 2013, 2015, 2017), Boston Public Health Commission

**BPHC** neighborhoods with 2022 same-sex cohabiting couples rates (from tract data)

Neighborhood	Rate
Jamaica Plain	9.5%
South End + Chinatown	8.9%
Roxbury + Mission Hill	7.6%
Roslindale	7.3%
South Boston + Seaport	6.3%
Fenway Longwood	5.0%
Mattapan	4.0%
Allston-Brighton	4.0%
East Boston	3.5%
Downtown (BB)	3.3%
Dorchester	3.1%
West Roxbury	2.8%
Charlestown	2.3%
Hyde Park	2.2%
Boston Total	4.9%

Table Source: Boston Public Health Commission "DATA BRIEF: Demographic Characteristics and Social Determinants of Health Among Boston's Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender Adult Residents, 2010 – 2017"

**bpda** research division

Note: "BB" includes the Back Bay, Beacon Hill, Downtown, the North End, and the West End; "SE" includes the South End and Chinatown Estimates for Charlestown, Hyde Park, and Mattapan should be interpreted with catuion due to coefficient of variation greater than 0.3

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### Historical overview of same-sex household questions in Census Bureau surveys

- "Unmarried partners" is added as a relationship category to 1995 Current Population Survey (CPS) and 1996 Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)
- Same-sex status is determined based on the sex of the two individuals
- The ACS reported on the sex of unmarried partners of the householder starting in 2005
- Starting in 2013 and continuing to the present the ACS retains same-sex spouses in the data



#### Proposed additional ACS questions

- The Census Bureau proposes to test a two-step gender identity question: first asking about sex assigned at birth and then asking about current gender. These questions will replace the existing question on sex.
- The proposed gender question will be asked only of people who are 15 and older. The proposed question is: What is <Name's> current gender? The response categories will be Male, Female, Transgender, Nonbinary, and "This person uses a different term" (with a space to write in a response).



#### **Proposed Sexual Orientation Question**

• The 'sexual orientation' question will be asked only of people who are 15 and older. The proposed question is: Which of the following best represents how <Name> thinks of themselves? With response categories of: Gay or lesbian, Straight—that is not gay or lesbian, Bisexual, and This person uses a different term (with space to write-in a response).



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#### **RESOURCES**

- Mayor's Office of LGBTQ+ Advancement
- The History Project
- BPL Pride Month Resources
- <u>BAGLY: The Boston Alliance of Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual and Transgender Youth</u>
- City of Boston LGBTQ Employee Resource Group

